### Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

#### City of Hahira System ID# 1850000

#### Year 2022

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from Province of Coastal Plain, and the aquifer type is confined. We have three wells. Well #101 pumps 1200 gallons per minute. Well # 102 pumps 1000 gallons per minute. Well # 103 pumps 550 gallons per minute.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water, please contact **City of Hahira at 229-794-2330**. We want our customers to be informed about their water. If you want to learn more, please feel free to contact us during the day at the above number.

City of Hahira routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws.

This report is for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2022. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily pose a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Our Source Water Assessment conducted by the EPD. Water sources were rated on their susceptibility to becoming polluted. The drinking water supplied to **City of Hahira** customers is produced from three wells or sources. The City of Hahira receives water from one municipal groundwater well. The property is protected from activities that would potentially cause contamination of this water source. The treatment of the water is performed at this site. The treatment includes disinfection with chlorine treatments.

The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled water) include river, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. City of Hahira is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of material used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for

drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include the following:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operation and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a Varity of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

Organic chemicals contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also, come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulation which limits the number of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protections for the public health.

Please call our office if you have questions.

We at the City of Hahira work around the clock to provide top quality water to every person. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

### Lead and Copper

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safely. Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Action Level: Tile Colleging and Colleging	and a series							acitonianolar Car
Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL) 90th Percentile # Sites Over AL	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
								from from the form
Copper	2022	1.3	1.3	0.11	0	шdd	z	Erosion of natural deposits, Leading From wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
							,	Sample of household nlumbing systems;
Lead	2022	0	15	10	-	qdd	Z	Erosion of natural deposits.

# Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:

Avg:

The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 1 Assessment:

Level 2 Assessment:

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:

not applicable.

mrem:

na:

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

Regulated Contaminants								Coltoniano
Disinfectants and Disinfection Collection Date	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	LIRely Source of Cofficient in autori
								white addition used to control microbes.
Chlorine	2022	-		MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	шdd	z	Waler adding used to como mare
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2022	84	44 - 101	No goal for the total	09	qdd	>	By-product of dnnking water dismedual:
Total Trihalomethanes	2022	73	57.7 - 76.4	No goal for the total	80	qdd	z	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
· · · · · · ·								
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
								which
Fluoride	06/14/2021	0.47	0.45 - 0.47	4	4.0	mdd	z	Erosion of natural deposits, years assume promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
						-		

## Violations Table

[Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)			
			TOTAL MOTHER PARTY
Some people who drink water containing haloacetic acids in excess of the N	acetic acids in excess (	of the MCL over many	MCL over many years may have an increased rish of gening cancer.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
			c alled a sharp was about the standard (called a
NO. I BAA	01/01/2022	03/31/2022	Water samples showed that the amount of this contaminant in our difficility water was acceptable to the amount of this contaminant in our difficulty water was acceptable to the contaminant of the contami
			maximum contaminant level and abutoviated months in the standard (realled a
NAC! I BAA	04/01/2022	06/30/2022	Water samples showed that the amount of this contaminant in our drinking water was above its stemper (see a water was above its stemper of the second of the
			maximum contaminant level and aborevision in our processing the contaminant level and above the efaminant (railled a
# D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	07/01/2022	09/30/2022	Water samples showed that the amount of this contaminant in our dinnking water was above to contaminate water was above to contaminate water samples showed the the partie in our dinner was above to contaminate water water was above to contaminate water was above to contaminate water water was above to contaminate water water was above to contaminate water water was above to contaminate water wate
			maximum contaminant level and above vace work is an power of the standard for level of the stand
MCI IRAA	10/01/2022	12/31/2022	Water samples showed that the amount of this contaminant in our drinking water was above its standard (valued a
			maximum contaminant level and above contaminant level and